## NURSING CARE PLAN FOR ACNE VULGARIS:

Assessment	Nursing Diagnosis	Goal/Expected Outcome	Intervention/Planning	Implementation	Rationale	Evaluation
Subjective Data: - Patient reports frequent breakout, itching, and discomfort on the face. Objective Data: - Presence of papules and pustules; mild erythema; patient rates pain as 5/10.	Impaired Skin Integrity related to acne vulgaris as evidenced by inflammatory lesions and patient-reported discomfort.	Short-Term: - Within 1 week, reduce lesion size and pain. Long-Term: - Achieve clear skin with minimal scarring and improved self- esteem.	Administer prescribed topical treatments; encourage gentle skin cleansing; monitor lesion progress.	Instruct patient on proper application of topical medications; assess skin daily; document changes.	Effective treatment reduces inflammation, supports healing, and minimizes scarring.	Lesions decrease in size; patient reports reduced discomfort; skin appearance improves.
Subjective Data: - Patient expresses uncertainty about proper skin care routines. Objective Data:	Deficient Knowledge regarding acne management as evidenced by patient uncertainty and	Short-Term: - Within 24 hours, patient verbalizes key self-care strategies. Long-Term: - Patient adheres to a consistent skin care routine	Develop an education plan on acne care; provide written instructions and visual aids; review proper techniques.	Conduct individual teaching sessions; distribute brochures; schedule follow-up sessions to reinforce learning.	Education empowers patients to manage their condition and improves adherence to treatment.	Patient demonstrates improved understanding; self- care practices become consistent; follow-up confirms adherence.

- Patient asks questions about cleansing and medication use; inconsistent self-care noted.	inconsistent care practices.	and demonstrates improved skin condition.				
Subjective Data: - Patient expresses anxiety regarding the appearance and potential scarring from acne. Objective Data: - Patient appears distressed; verbalizes concerns about self-image.	Anxiety related to altered body image and fear of permanent scarring as evidenced by patient reports and distress.	Short-Term: - Within 48 hours, patient reports reduced anxiety and better coping strategies. Long-Term: - Patient achieves improved self- esteem and effective management of emotional stress.	Provide emotional support and counseling; refer to a support group if needed; teach relaxation techniques.	Offer one-on-one counseling; use guided imagery and deep breathing exercises; monitor anxiety levels.	Reducing anxiety can enhance overall treatment adherence and improve quality of life.	Patient reports reduced anxiety; shows improved coping; self-esteem increases over time.