## **NURSING CARE PLAN FOR MALNUTRITION CHILD**

Assessment	Nursing Diagnosis	Goal/Expected Outcome	Intervention/Planning	Implementation	Rationale	Evaluation
Child shows weight loss, stunted growth, and decreased muscle mass; caregiver reports inadequate food intake.	Imbalanced Nutrition: Less Than Body Requirements related to insufficient intake as evidenced by weight loss and stunted growth.	Child will gain weight and show improved growth parameters within 6 weeks.	Develop a high-calorie, nutrient-dense diet plan in collaboration with a dietitian; administer supplements as prescribed.	Implement the meal plan and monitor daily intake; schedule weekly weight measurements.	Improved nutrition supports growth, energy, and immune function.	Weight gain observed; growth parameters align with age norms.
Child exhibits frequent infections and poor wound healing; lab results show low hemoglobin and albumin levels.	Risk for Infection related to compromised immune function from malnutrition as evidenced by frequent infections and lab findings.	Child will remain free from new infections as evidenced by stable vital signs and normal lab values within 4 weeks.	Educate caregivers on proper hygiene and infection prevention; ensure vaccination schedules are up-to-date.	Reinforce handwashing practices; coordinate with healthcare providers for immunizations.	Strengthening immunity reduces infection risk.	No new infections; lab values normalize.
Child demonstrates	Delayed Development	Child will demonstrate	Provide caregiver education on	Conduct educational	Proper nutrition and	Improvement in developmental

developmental delays and poor motor skills; caregiver is uncertain about feeding practices.	related to nutritional deficiency and caregiver knowledge deficit as evidenced by developmental delays.	age-appropriate developmental milestones within 8 weeks; caregiver will verbalize proper feeding techniques within 24 hours.	responsive feeding and developmental stimulation activities; schedule developmental assessments.	sessions using visual aids; engage child in play-based activities.	stimulation promote healthy development.	assessments; caregiver reports increased confidence.
Caregiver reports difficulty managing feeding routines; child becomes irritable and fatigued during meals.	Ineffective Health Maintenance related to caregiver knowledge deficit as evidenced by inconsistent feeding routines and child irritability.	Caregiver will demonstrate effective feeding routines and report reduced child irritability within 48 hours.	Teach structured feeding routines and portion control; provide written guidelines and resources.	Hold a one-on- one training session with the caregiver; follow up with phone calls for support.	Consistent routines improve nutrient intake and reduce stress.	Caregiver demonstrates proper feeding routine; reduced irritability noted.
Child presents with signs of dehydration and fatigue; physical exam shows dry	Risk for Dehydration related to inadequate fluid intake secondary to malnutrition	Child will maintain adequate hydration with normal skin turgor and	Monitor fluid intake; encourage regular hydration with water and nutrient-rich fluids;	Document fluid intake/output; instruct caregiver on hydration techniques.	Adequate hydration is essential for metabolism	Improved hydration status; clinical signs of

mucous membranes.	as evidenced by dry mucous	improved energy levels within 72	educate caregiver on fluid needs.	and overall health.	dehydration resolved.
	membranes and fatigue.	hours.			

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